COUNCIL DIDN'T MEET.

Second Branch Falled to Se Querum Last Night.

Last night another attempt was made

to hold a meeting of the city council.

It was to have been a special meeting

the second branch having adjourned

would excuse members, there being me chance for a quorum. President Maxwell said that under the dircumstances he would excuse members. At 8:50 o'clock there was no quorum, and a second motion to adjourn passed without opposition.

CHILE REPUSES TO PAY Sailors by a Mob. OAKLAND, Cal., April 17.—After five years the claims of Patrick Shields and

ceive the same protection as American citizens.

F. Allen Orr of this city, attorney for Shields and McKinstry, brought the matter before the British parliament and it was finally referred to a British claim commission composed of Frederick Kerr, as the representative of Great Britain, and a representative from Chile and Germany. As a result of the investigation of this commission, Mr. Orr has received a letter from Mr. Kerr informing him that the Chilean government has refused to pay the claims.

POPE'S GOOD OFFICES

Offered to Settle the Cuban Rebellion A Foreign Comment. LONDON, April 17.—A dispatch from

A Rich Hanl.

NEW YORK. April 17.-The mer

Turner and Dunlap, arrested in London, were formerly servants in the employ of Mr. I. Townsend Burden, of this city, who, on the night of December 27 was robbed of jewelry valued at about \$80.000 the chief piece being a diamond necklace worth about \$20,000.

A Mussalman Governor.

foreign ambassadors have protested

man as governor of Zeitoun, this being contrary to the agreement between the porte and the powers as a result of which the surrender of the insurgents of Zeitoun was brought about.

The Turkish government has promised to instruct the valis of Bitlis and Kharput to permit the distribution of relief to the Armenians in accordance with the arrangements previously concluded between the Porte and the United States charge d'affaires, Mr. John W. Riddle, and the British ambassador. Sir Philip Currie.

Bulwayo Said to Have Fallen.

The Other Side of the Cause

LONDON, April 17.—General Bohas cabled to the Salvation Army is oquarters at New York instructing officials in charge there to public letters in their possession in state charges made by Ballington against the general and his administration.

Another Encounter.

Canada Elections.

Wenther Forecast for To-day.

SUAKIM, April 17.—In a so counter which has taken place a force of dervishes and a de of Egyptian cavairy thirty and eighteen Egyptians were

OTTAWA, Ont. April 11.—The eral elections will take place the week in June. It is just probable the 11th of June will be nom day and the 18th polling day ment will again meet in June likely on the 23d of that month.

Sir Philip Currie.

action

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 17 .- The

# KRUGER'S PLANS.

A Further Extension of Transvaal Boundary Rumored.

RULUWAYO IS NOW MENACED

And the Inhabitants Fear a General Massacre Will Follow.

A GENERAL NATIVE UPRISING

In Opposition to British Occupation of South Africa Said to be Contemplated. Boers Suilding Fortifications and Importing Artillery from Germany-England's Apathy Commented Upon.

CAPETOWN, April 17 .- The difficulty in obtaining news of the Matabele uprising increases day by day, owing to the restrictions of the authorities, but it is positively known that the situation about Buluwayo has grown darker and about Buluwayo has grown darker and that the rebellion is so widespread that a large force of troops will be necessary to restore order. Urgent requests for troops have been made by people not directly interested in the British chartered South African Company, and the home government is blamed for postponing the dispatch of strong rainforcements to South Africa. The inaction of the war office is undoubtedly of the war office is undoubtedly o the desire of Mr. Joseph Chamdue to the desire of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, the secretary of state for the colonies to a void anything which might be construed into an attempt to coerce the South African republic, but, it is pointed out, while Mr. Chamberlain is hoding his hand the Boers are openly drilling and being drilled under their imported, German instructors, are accumulating arms and ammunition, constructing fortifications and bringing heavy guns from Germans.

The policy of President Kruger is one of delay; to avoid doing or saying anything definite until the Transvaal is in a position to defy Great Britain and then the Independence of the South African republic will be declared; the Orange free state may be actually incorporated into the republic; the natives will everywhere be incided to rise

everywhere be incited to rise ast British rule, and an attempt be made to drive the British out

ill be made to drive the british out.

This is the plan openly talked of and inckled over among the Boers, but he home authorities seem to be utterly lind to the danger ahead and the chargerd company, in the interests of its tockholders, is doing everything possible to suppress the truth and the be-

sible to suppress the truth and the belief is growing that nothing short of a
terrible diagster such as the capture
of Buluwayo, will bring the British
government to its sentes.

It is stated that fully 15,000 Matabeles
have been massed for the attack on
fair state of defense, could not hold
out against the headlong, rushing
charge of the native regiments, which,
if they only number half of 15,000 might,
sweep over the town even if thousands
were slain in the onslaught.

## FEAR A MASSACRE.

Hordes of Mainbele Assembling Near

BULUWAYO, April 17 .- A feeling of apprehension as to what the next step of the revolting Matabele will be, perof the revolting Matabele will be, permeates all circles here. Information coming from the country around makes it certain that the natives are preparing an offensive movement against this place. The number of Matabele reported gathering at points hear by its sufficient to appai the hearts of even experienced fighters. There is a dread in the minds of many that the place is in danger of being overwhelmed by a rush of hordes of Matabele and the inhabitants put to a wholesale massacre.

hordes of Matabele and the inhabitants put to a wholesale massacre.

The fear of treachery is added to the apprehension of overwhelming numbers. Many indications point to a confivance with the war parties of supposed friendly nailves. There are many of the latter in the town itself and no white man feels sure how far he can trust his dusky associates or servants.

On Wednesday evening three Dutch Wednesday evening three

On Wednesday evening three Dutch souts were sent out from here to secure some definite and accurate information of the sposition and movements of the natives. What they found has served little to relieve the anxiety and suspense. They report that the Matabele are gathering like ants in a hill on the Umguza river, only six miles north of here.

here.
That some treacherous plot is being concocted is indicated by the fact that native women are secreting European clothes. The native men on the Velde wear the native costume, while most of those in Bulluwayo wear clothes approaching the European fashion. By attiring the native warriors in European garments, the Matabele hope that they will be enabled to enter the town unquestioned.

unquestioned.

A Matabele boy has also been caught stealing the badges and the puggarle belonging to the Rhodesia horse and it is believed that it was intended to use these for the purpose of disguise to further some treacherous project for taking Buluwayo at a disadvantage and killing the lobabitants.

It is plainly noticeable that the na-It is plainly noticeable that the as-tives in the town are becoming as thick as bees. In ordinary times, the native population is at all times a shifting one and a large number of the men that make it up are not known individually to the white people of the town or to the authorities. The fact that the natives in the town live apart from the whites add to the difficulty of identifying those who belong in the town.

and to the difficulty of identifying incee who belong in the town.

But there is little more confidence felt in the matives who belong in the town than in the hostile men, who, it is believed, are being surreptiously introduced to aid from within when an attack shall be made from without. It looks now as though that might occur at any time.

any time.

The roads by which communication is had with the south, both the one to Tull and the one to Mafeking, are felt to be in peril. There are undoubtedly large numbers of hostile natives between Euluwayo and the settlements to the south, some of them in one revolt.

ome of them in open revolt.

The situation is felt to be most serious

## and threatening.

Soldiers for Cape Colony. Soldiers for Cape Colony.

LONDON, April 18.—In the house of commons this afternoon, Mr. Chamberlain, replying to a question on the subject, said that the government had decided to replace the troops withdrawn from Natal and Cape Town. Therefore a battalion of the line and a body of mounted infantry would be dispatched to these places as soon as possible. This movement, he added, was connected with the decision of the government to permanently increase the strength of the garrison of Cape Colony,

# Hulwayo Hafe.

Hallways Safe.

LONDON. April 17.—Sir Hercules
Bobinson, governor of Cape Colony, felcarable to the government that there
is no sign that Buluways is endansered and that precautions are being
taken to keep the road to Buluwayo
open in order to supply it with feed.

ANOTHER AFFILIATION Of Major McKinley's of which He Has No

PORTLAND, Ore., April 17.—The Junior Order 57 American Mechanics and the A. P. A. were not in harmony over

the A. P. A. were not in harmony over
the latter organization's fight on McKinley. The local organ of the A. P. A.
recently published an attack on McKinley and said he was an honorary member of the Young Men's Institute. H.
L. Wenner, state councillor of the
Junior Order of Ohlo, was asked about
the matter and has forwarded the following letter from McKinley:
D. H. L. Wenner, Jr. O. U. A. M.
DEAR SIR:—I have yours of the 31st
uit, enclosing letter and newspaper
clippings from your friend, Mr. W. E.
Harris, of Portland, Oregon, I have
my attention drawn to the article attached to Mr. Harris' letter in another
letter from the state of Oregon. I auhorize you to inform your friend that
the statement that I am an honorary
member of the Y. M. L. is false, that I
do not even know the nature or objects
of that organization.

I am respectfully yours.

that organization.
I am respectfully yours,
WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

Maryland Populists.

BAST/IAND Popullsts.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 17.—The
Popullats state convention of Maryland
has elected the following delegates at
large to their national convention in St.
Louis: S. S. Field, Baltimore City; Walter Vrooman. Dorchester county; W. S.
Branson, Prince Georges.
The platform adopted re-affirms the
Omaha National Platform of 1892. The
delegates to the St. Louis convention
are instructed in all honorable means to
effect a union of all opposed to the rule
of money bugs if not under the same
name, at least under the same leaders.

of money bugs if not under the sam name, at least under the same leaders. More Quay Delegates.

More Quay Delegates.

RIDGEWAY, Pa., April 17.—The Twenty-eighth congressional district Republican convention composed of the counties of Clarion, Clearfield, Centre, Forest and Elk, met here last night and elected H. R. Wilson and J. H. Mc-Dwan national delegates to the St. Louis convention. Resolutions endorsing Quay for the presidency were adopted.

#### FOR AN EIGHT HOUR DAY.

Boston Carpenters Strengthening Their Union with that End in View.

BOSTON, April 17.-The story that a widespread strike is to begin here and elsewhere on May I to bring about the adoption of the eight-hour day, which has been sent to western papers from this city, is denied by labor leaders here The exact situation is explained as fol-

lows:
At the convention of the American Federation of Labor held last December the question of the eight-hour work day was discussed at length and it was inally decided that national brother-hood of carpenters and joiners of America should assume the leadership in hood of carpeners and others of america should assume the leadership in the struggle of May I, 1896. With this end in view the carpeners' unions in this city have been steadily strengthening their organization and are desirous of obtaining an eight-hour day with 32 for a day's pay. The carpenters are con-fident that their demand will be grant

#### FIVE CHILDREN SMOTHERED.

A Disastrons Tenement Fire in Massa-chusests-ACripple's Scape. TURNERS FALLS, Mass., April 17.— Five children were smothered to death

by a fire in a four-story tenement block

by a fire in a four-story tenement block here to-day.

The fire originated in the basement of the four-story block in which the children and their parents were living. It spread so rapidly that those on the second floor were barely able to escape with their lives. Though blinded and nearly overcome by the smoke, a man named Courmaline who lived on the upper floor, seized two of his small children and carried them to a place of safety. Two more he then secured and carried them out, but the others perished. A young man, a cripple, escaped by going down a clothes line. The dead:

Josephine Courmaline, aged twelve

Josephine Courmaline, aged twelve

years.
Edward Courmaline, aged ten years.
Annie DuBois, aged four years.
Lena DuBois, aged seven years.
Tessie Bonmier, aged ten years.

## REFEREE WILSON'S REPORT

Upon the Condition of the Defanct Cincinnati Commercial Bank, CINCINNATI, O., April 17.—Refere

Daniel Wilson to-day made his report on the defunct Commercial Bank. The claim of Louis Fleischmann for \$109,000 as bondsman of County Treasurer Lec Schott was included among the legal claims. The liabilities are \$502,774: inclaims. The liabilities are \$502.774; in-terest \$35.548; total \$572.222. Secured claims \$207.612, these all having been paid. The stockholders hold 6.560 shares, representing in money \$228,000.

#### Favor Restriction.

WASHINGTON, April 17 .- The sec retary of the national legislative com of the Junior O. U. A. M. has been in Washington for several days in the interest of the bills before Congres the interest of the bills before Congress for the restriction of immigration. It is claimed that more petitions have been een to Congress during the present session for the passage of some bill which will restrict immigration than for any measure ever before Congress. It is expected by the secretary that if either of the bills which have been favorably reported by the immigration committee of the house come to a vote they will be research.

#### After a Long Search

DULUTH, Minn., April 17.—After a search of nearly two years, during which time at least a dozen suspect

which time at lenst a dozen suspects have been arrested. A. A. Austin, who enticed Lena Olsen from Minneapolis to Duluth and then brutally murdered her for her money, throwing her body into Lake Superior, has been caught. He was arrested by a Minneapolis attorney in Scattle yesterday, where he lived under the name of James E. Alsop, Chief of Police Smith, of Minneapolis, who has been making up the case, arrived to-day and requisition papers will be procured.

#### Comptroller Eckels Speaks.

CINCINNATI, O., April 17.-In re sponse to a joint invitation from the sponse to a joint invitation from the chamber of commerce, the clearing liouse and the commercial club, Hon, James H. Eckels, comptroller of the currency, addressed a fine audience of representative business men at the Grand Opera House to-night on finance and currency. His hearers were not currency. His heares excusively Cincinnatians. Represen-iative business men were present from all neighborns cities and towns. He was introduced by President J. D. Hearne, of the Third National Bank, and was received with liberal applause.

### The New York Legislature.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 17.—The con-current resolution reported by the sencurrent resolution reported by the sen-ate finance committee to the senate to-day fixing the date for the final ad-journment of the legislature on April 20, was passed by a unanimous vote without debate in the senate and imme-diately sent to the assembly and adopt-ed.

# THE CUBAN WAR.

Numerous Small Engagements are Reported from the Isle.

SPANISH LEAD CHARMED LIVES

According to the Official Reports Received-Led Into Ambushes Often, but Defeat the Insurgents Without Loss. An Insurgent Leader Shot-Three Prisoners of War Executed-A Mistake of

the Guerrillas.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17,-The state department has received a brief cable message from Consul General Williams, at Havana, announcing the arrest of Protestant Bishop Alberto Jesus Diaz, who is well known throughout the south and to many church people in all parts of the United States. Dias is a naturalized American and of

ple in all parts of the United States. Dias is a naturalised American and of strong Cuban sympathies, but his friends insist that his work in Cuba has been confined to procelying for the church, and deny participation in the rebellion on his part. The cable from Consul General Williams contained no details.

The case will be closely followed up by the representatives of the United States, who will take the customary steps to protect the interests of an American citisen. The consul general will insist on a civil trial, should the matter go to the length of a trial. It may be that his release can be obtained without the necessity of a trial, but on this point nothing can be said in advance of an investigation which Mr. Williams will make into the circumstances leading up to and developed at the arrest.

Three prisoners of war, Gregorio Borges, Estaban Hernandez and Jose Batallao, were executed at 7 o'clock this morning at the Cuban fortress. They belonged to the insurgent band commanded by Dr. Bruno Zayas, and were captured by the soldlers of the Arapholis battallon during the attack made by the eiemy on Managus and the burning of property in that vicinity.

At Camajuani, province of Santa

the burning of property in that vicinity.

At Camajuani, province of Santa Clara, another tragedy in the history of the Cuban rebellion has been enacted. A column of troops under Col. Lopes Amor, operating in the Camajuani district, received information that Antonio Bermudes, a well known insurgent leader, was concealed in the house of a woman who was his mistress. A detachment of troops, headed by the colonel himself, immediately started for the spot, surrounded the house and called upon Bermudes to surrender. The latter, taken by surprise, esized a rifle which was handed to him by the woman and fired two shots at the colonel, missing him. Just as the insurgent chief raised his rifle to take another shot at the Spanish officer several of the soldlers fired and Bermudez fell back, pierced by a bullet, and died as the colone. back, pierced by a bullet, and died as his mistress threw herself, wounded and in an agony of grief, upon his

dy,

The insurgents under Maceo yesterby burned a number of houses on both
es of the railroad between San
istobal and Candelaria, in the
ovince of Pinar del Rio, and it is said province of Pinar del Rio, and it is said hanged an aged man in the presence of his family because the latter refused to burn his home.

A dispatch from Matanzas says that Manuel Dominguez, an insurpost

nuel Dominguez, an insurgent, has a tried by court martial there. The lic prosecutor has asked that he be risoned for life.

imprisoned for life.

Jose Maceo, yesterday, was reported to be between Rincon and Salud, this

province.
From January 24 to March 31 there have been 7,544 cases treated of sickness of all kinds in the military hospitals here, of which number only 96 teen died.

The Weyler guerillas were drawn by a force of insurgents into an ambush at the Roglita plantation. Santa Clara. Eight insurgents were killed during the fighting which followed. A soldier named Eulogia Casado was

Eight insurgents were killed during the fighting which followed.

A soldier named Eulogia Casado was executed in Matanasa this morning for having wounded his superior officer. He met death bravely.

The guerrila force of Mayo Lace, the vanguard of the column of the battalion of Luzon, shortly after leaving the village of Rodrigo, in the Sagua district, came in sight of a group of men which they believed was also a guerrilla force. Major Golcoochea advanced toward the group, they also advanced toward the group, they also advanced toward the group, they also advanced, and when the two were six paces apart, the troops discovered that the other force were insurgents. Some one shouted, "Rebels!" A horribly bloody combat ensued with the machete. Twenty-one of the insurgents were killed and eleven of the guerrillas were wounded, one seriously.

## A LIVELY TILT

In the House Over the Payment of a War Claim

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17,-The net result of five hours work on the private calendar in the house to-day was the passage of four pension bills one to pension the widow of Rear Admiral Foote at \$50 per month, the rejection of a bill to retire a hospital stew ard as a second lieutenant of cavalry, and the passage of a war claim of less than \$600. The latter was the first war claim brought before the house for con sideration and naturally provoked a general debate on the policy of paying

war claims. It drew from Mr. Mahone, (Rep., Penna.), chairman of the war claims committee, Mr. Walker, (Rep., Mass.), Mr. McCall, (Rep., Tenn.), and Mr. Evans. (Rep., Ky.), cloquent pleas for the payment of the findings of the court of claims. Mr. Mahone argued that these claims should be paid or the court abolished. Barring the cotton claims, he asserted that \$20,000,000 would pay them while Mr. Ray, (Rep., N. Y.). thought \$800,000,000 would not meet them. Politics of course, was injected into the debate before it was finished, and there was an lively setto between Mr. Dockery, (Dem., Mo.), and Mr. Grosvener, Rep., Ohlo.)

Mr. Dockery, (Dem., Mo.), eulogized Speaker Crisp and Mr. Sayers, the chairman of the appropriations committee in the last Congress, and paid a babit religious formular resolutions. war claims. It drew from Mr. Mahone

mittee in the last Congress, and paid a high tribute to Speaker Reed, "I want to say here in his presence." said he, "that I honor the present speaker, Thomas B. Reed. (Applause.) He has stood like a llon in the path of members on both sides of the political alse who have been pressing bills carrying large sums."

Mr. Grosvenor, (Rep., Ohio), ridiculed Mr. Deckery for "attempting to vindicate the history and career of the Democratic party." He said the real question at liste now was not the honesty of these claims, but of the ability of the government to pay them at this time.

nt to pay them at this time. Democratic side, "paralyzed by your own inefficiency. The great cature of the administration of Grover Cleveland— —the only feature that will save him from future contumely—is that when from future contumely—is that when the bill to repeal the great revenue producing industry—propagating tariff

law was presented to him, he said: 'My name shall never disgrace its pages.'"
"You," he continued, "are attempting to place in contrast an administration that paid \$259,900.600 of the public debt with one that borrowed \$260,000.000 and now trembles each day lost the telegraphs bringing the news that the gold thus acquired is going across the waters."

WHEELING, W. VA., SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1896.

At 5 o'clock the house took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be devoted to private pension bills.

#### WEST VIRGINIA AFFAIRS

Receiving Attention at the Hands of Our Congressmen—A Queer Case. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—Congressman Dovener has introduced a bill to correct the military record of J. L. Garrison, of Greene county, Pa. Mr. Garrison's case has perhaps no parallel in the history of the civil war. He enlisted in a West Virginia regiment at the breaking out of hostilities and went into service with his company, but before the expiration of the first year his property interests and illness in his family rendered it essential that he should be at home. He could not resign, not holding a commission, and being a man of means be procured a substitute. The man, who took his place in the ranks also assumed his name and with the assent of the officers answered for him at all calls. Subsequently the substitute was killed, and so far as the army records go, Garrison is a dead man. It is to restore him to the list of survivors that the bill was prepared.

Representative Miller has also introduced a bill for the relief of J. W. and J. P. Hail, a war claim.

Mr. Dayton, of the Second district, returned last evening from Philadelphia, whither he had been in the interest of a West Virginia enterprise in which he is concerne, professionally.

Mr. John T. Harris, Senator Elkins' private secretary, left to-day for Parkersburg. WASHINGTON, April 17 .- Congress

#### ersburg. GENERAL HANCOCK'S STATUE

Preparations Being Made for its Unveil-ing Next Month. WASHINGTON; D. C., April 17.—Col. M. Wilson, corps of engineers, who has the matter in charge as the per-

J. M. Wilson, corps of engineers, who has the matter in charge as the personal representative of Secretary Lamont is making arrangements for the public dedication of the equestrian statue of General Hancock, in this city, about the middle of next month. The statue is entirely completed and was placed in position on its grante pedestal in the reservation at the intersection of Pennsylvania avenue and Soventh streets yesterday.

The statue is enveloped in a canvas covering that will not be permanently removed until the day set apart for its formal unveiling. It will be temporarily removed until the day set apart for its formal unveiling. It will be temporarily removed in a few days, however, just long enough to pernit an inspection of the statue by the national commission charged with its erection. This body consists of Secretary Lamont and Central of Missouri. Their inspection is for the purpose of seeing that the sculptor, Mr. Ellicott, has executed his work in strict accordance with his contract with the government. This action is preliminary to the formal acceptance of the statue and the payment of the balance due upon it.

Colonel Wilson says that the arrangements for the dedication have not yet been practically decided that the ceremony should take place between the loth and 15th of May It is settled that the dedication will be made the occasion of a nost imposing military demonstration in which all the available

the addication will be made the obsa-sion of a niost imposing military dem-onstration in which all the available federal troops at Washington barracks and at Fort Meyer, the national guard of the district, all the local posts of the Grand Army of the Republic, the Union Veteran Legion and the second army Grand Arms Veteran Legion and corps will participate.

#### "FIRST DEFENDERS."

The Gallant Pennsylvanians Received by

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17 .- By pecial arrangements, President Cleve land received the visiting "first detenders" from Pennsylvania to-day.
The reception took place in the east room and was confined to the veterans who had responded so promptly to the first call for troops for the defense of the central

the capitol.

President Cleveland said he was very glad of the opportunity to welcome vet-President Cleveland sold he was very glad of the opportunity to welcome veterans with a record so worthy as theirs and felicitated them on being able to leave the memory of such a record to posterity. There were duties in time of peace, as well as in time of war and the country could confidently expectmen with a record such as theirs had been will do their duty equally well in time of peace. In closing he said he would be pleased to take each of them by the hand.

by the nand.
"The defenders" were then individ-ually introduced to the President and each received a cordial greeting.

Oklahoma Gets It. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17.—The Lacey bill for the re-organization of Greer county claimed by both Oklahoma and Texas, and which was the subject of a recent decision by the supreme court was favorably acted upon by the house judiciary committee to-day. The bill organizes the county as Geerer courty, Oklahoma, with Mangum as the county seat and authorizes the governor of Oklahoma, to appoint the usual county officers. It provides for the transfer of public buildings and records and establishes the status of cases before the courts, also providing that acts of the courts while the county was considered a part of Texas be valid. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17.-The

### West Virginie Postmasters.

West Virginiw Postmasters.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—Postmasters appointed: Fort Seybert, Pendleton county, William M. Dyer, vice John W. Bright, resigned; Milo, Roane county, Elmore G. Norman, vice Mrs. A. E. Brand, resigned: Barnum, Mineral county, George M. Loy, vice John W. Sauer, resigned; Dority, Preston county, Thomas Dodge, vice W. M. Kelly, resigned; Cove Gap, Wayne county, W. S. Enocha, vice M. M. Enochs, resigned; Buffington, Wood County, G. W. Smith, vice L. E. Buffington, resigned; Warford, Summers county, James W. Cox, vice W. C. Crockett, resigned.

#### Will Not be Revived.

Will Not be Revived,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17.—No action toward a revival of the reciprocity scheme will be taken by this house according to a decision made to-day by the Republican members of the ways and means committee who held a caucus to-day and discussed the question. They agreed to report to the house the testimony on the reciprocity policy taken by the committee during the past few weeks, but not to recommend any legislation on the matter by this Congress. The reciprocity scheme includes so many problems interwoven with the tariff that the Republicans think it inadvisable to take it up until a general tariff revision is begun.

### Canning Factory Burned.

Caming Factory Barnes.

HALIFAX, N. S., April 17.—A dispatch from Kingston states that the Forest Canning Company's works, located there, were destroyed by fire yearderday. Five buildings in all were destroyed. The loss is not known, but will be heavy, and the amount of insurance is very small.

# TREND OF TRADE.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Business Interests.

#### HEALTHY IMPROVEMENT NOTED

It was to have been a special mecuasithe second branch having adjourned on last Tuesday to meet in special session Friday. The first branch, this time, got a quorum without a hitch, but when Clerk Dannenberg called the roll in the second branch, only eleven members, four short of a quorum, responded. The sergeant of the lower branch was sent out to "hustle up," as a member put it, enough members to constitute a quorum, At \$36 p, m, thirteen members were on hand with no chance of setting the necessary two. Mr. Wills moved for adjournment, but it was lost, 7 to 5. Mr. Bender wanted a search made for absentees. President Maxwell asked the sergeant to see if any, members were about the city building. Mr. Bender suggested that the officer see whether some of the absentees cannot be found "about the city."

A member asked if the chairman would excuse members, there being no chance for a quorum. President Max. As a Result of the Change in Weather The General Conditions are Encouraging, but Not Sufficiently so as to Awake Speculation-Recent Shipments of Gold Have Created Small Changes-Heavy Stocks Hinder Buying,

NEW YORK, April 17 .- R. G. Dun Co.'s weekly review of trade, which issues to-morrow, will say:

The sudden change from sleighing to mid-summer heat, with fair skies in most cities, has tested the prevalen idea that good weather only was needed to bring general improvement of business. Everywhere there has been business. Everywhere there has been more retail buying and in some branches better demand, at wholesale and at the works has resulted, but not as yet in most lines. There is no abatement of the almost universal disposition to deal with unusual conservatism and not to anticipate future wants, and this has been especially conspicuous where combinations have been formed or prices advanced. The comparative infrequency of serious failures, with money less disturbed since gold exports began than might have been expected, helps to give encouragement, but does not kindle speculative fires; that such improvement as appears is mainly of a healthy sort. To many interested in iron, coice, steel billets, Bessemer pig and various forms of steel, it may be disappointing that the forming of combinations and fixing of prices have not started again the rush to buy ahead of needs, which made hast year so memorable. But it is easy to forget the lesson which the past year taught. Instead of increasing, purchases have on the whole rather stackened, though a little better in tank plates at the east and in sheets at Chicago. Bessemer pig and Gray forge are a, shade lower at Pittsburgh, as is the average of all iron and steel in tank plates at the cast and in sheets at Chicago. Bessemer pig and Gray forge are a, shade lower at Pittsburgh, as is the average of all iron and steel quotations, and obstacles to some attempted combinations have not been overcome. The greatest consumers of lake ore have not hastened to make contracts at advanced prices and the output of coke is stationary.

Tin plate makers are meeting, and some propose to produce steel for their trade at plants of their own. Unsold stocks increased in March 18,588 tons more than was reported last week. At the west almost every town seems to want steel for some building and good orders have been pied for bars by implement and car makers. Heavy productions of copper defeats heavy exports and 10% cents is quoted for lake, and spelter has broken to 4.10 cents. more retail buying and in some

Shipments of boots and shoes from Boston in April thus far have been 8 per cent less than last year, though larger than in previous years. Textile works are less fortunate. The slik association states that 40 per cent of the machinery and hands in the country are idle, partly because of increasing Japanese competition. Several more woolen mills have shut down and some laye reduced wages 10 per cent, while Japanese competition. Severai mote woolen mills have shut down and some have reduced wagres 10 per cent, while many are working only half time, but recent advance by appraisers not only disclose heavy undervaluations in the past, but tend to check future imports. The demand for goods does not improve and sales of wool for the two weeks of April at the three chief markets have been only 5.464,000 pounds, against 11.559,206 last year and 10,182,500 in 1892. Wheat rose about 5 cents last week, met some reaction, but is a shade highest than a week ago.

Heavy commercial and mill stocks hinder most buyers and possibilities of inquiry to the coming crop retard selers at current prices.

Failures for the week have been 223 in the United States, against 241 last year, and 36 in Canada, against 34 last year,

#### THE MIDDLE MAN

Eliminated in the Distribution Plate Glass-A Saving of Profits. PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 17,-The ombine known as the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company has issued a circular announcing that hereafter the com pany will attend to the business of dis tribution, and stock sheets will be sold to jobbers at the same price as is made to the general consumer. A salesroom has been opened in New York, and as to the general consumer. A salesroom has been opened in New York, and as soon as arrangements can be made branches will be established in St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, Detroit and other important centres of distribution. This action is a severe blow to the jobbers, and is said to have been decided upon as a result of the general refusal of jobbers to carry stocks as soon as a uniform price was established by manufacturers, and the speculative margins and features were eliminated from the distribution of plate glass. The profits heretofore made by the jobber will accrue to the manufacturers.

Claims Self Defense. LONDON, April 17.—The Exchange Telegraph Company says it is rumored that Bulowayo has been captured by the Matabeles. The news is not confirmed from other sources.

Considerable anxiety is felt regarding the South African situation and the government is openly blamed for its inaction. Claims self Defenses.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

STEUBENVILLE, O., April 17.—
George Briggs, the young man who struck Dave Conaway, with a pitchfork handle, crushing his skull, in a quarrel over a school director election in Warren township on Monday evening, was arrested to-day and lodged in jail. His victim may die. Conaway had chused Briggs with a pitchfork, but had it wrested out of his hand. He next made at Briggs with a bucket and next made at Briggs with a bucket at Briggs struck Conaway in self defens

Shot His Daughler's Beau. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. HUNTINGTON, W. Va., April 17.-D. W. Franklin, a farmer living or Guyan river, last night shot and mor-tally wounded J. L. Midkiff, a well tally wounded J. L. Midkiff, a well known young man, who for many months has been paying respects to Franklin's daughter. The tragedy happened as Midkiff was leaving for home, late in the evening. Franklin surrendered this afternoon.

#### Brakeman Injured. pecial Dispatch to the Intellige

Special Disparch to the intentigence:
HINTON, W. Va., April 17.—Brakeman Thomas Whitler, in the employ of
the Chesapeake & Ohio company, fell
off his train at Cotton Hill to-day and
it is thought is fatally hurt. Two Men Killed.

Two Men Killed.

PEORIA, Ill., April 17.—By the explosion of a converter at the works of the American Glucose Company this morning at 2:15 o'clock John Hoey and a man named Burns were instantly killed. John Wilson, Mat Connolly and John Dooley were badly injured. The fourth story of the works, in which the converter was located, was wrecked. Weather Forecast for Young's
For West Virginia, fair Saturday;
not so warm as oil Friday; coolar Sunday; southerly winds.
For Weatern Pennsylvania and Ohlo, increasing cloudiness during Saturday, followed by local showers Saturday afternoon or night; slightly coolaric easterly winds, increasing in tores. Local Temperature, The temperature yesterday aby C. Schnepf, druggist, cor-centh and Market streets, Wows:

# Broker Partridge Dead.

CHICAGO, April 17.—Edward Part-ridge, one of the most prominent and wealthiest operators on the board of trade, died af Bright's diseause to-day, after several weeks' Illness.

# HERE'S THE RECORD

Of the Republican Candidates for

# County Clerk.

TELLS WHO AND WHAT THEY ARE For the Benefit of the Voters they Have Hesn Unable to See Personally-They All Stand Well with the General Public. And No Mistake Can be Made in the Choice of Any One of Them to Pill the

Responsible Position.

The Intelligencer yesterday published the rather modest biographies of the Republican candidates for sheriff, and this morning, as next in order submits the following equally modest sketches of the candidates for clerk of the county court.

court.

Mr. E. P. Wheat, who is a son of Jessa S. Wheat, was born in Wheeling, September 55, 1837. After he received a liberal education he traveled three years for the firm of Wheat & Sons, which firm was engaged in the leasher business. In February, 1878, he took charge of the office of Joseph Spetiel & Co., wholesale grocers, and continued in that position until 1881, when he became a member of the wholesale notion and gents furnishing firm of Haslett, Wheat & Hays.

Upon the dissolution of that firm Mr. Wheat continued in the gentlemen's furnishing business at 1128 Main street, where he is at present located.

Mr. Wheat has been elected to the city council two terms, serving four years. Four years ago in the memorable dead-lock that occurred in the second branch, he was one of the spirited leaders on the floor. He has, from his youth up, been an active and enthusiastic Republican, and has served with eminent faithfulmess as secretary of numerous executive committees of the party.

He is a Mason of prominence, having been honored by his brethren as master of his lodge, and commander of the Knights Templar commandery, with which he was affiliated. He is also a member of Black Prince lodge No. 19, Knights of Pythias. Mr. Wheat is of a sunny disposition, and easily makes

years the claims of Patrick Shields and Andrew McKinstry against the Chilean government for injuries received from assaults of a Chilean mob at Santiago have finally been thrown out of all the courts and commissions. Shields and McKinstrey were sailors on the Keewanah that entered Santiago harbor a week after the Baltimore sailors were so roughly handled by the mobs in that city in 1891. They made claims against the government of Chill, Shields for 1800,000 and McKinstry for 220,000. President Harrison made these two claims a very important part of one of the messages to Congress in 1892. In this though the sail men were foreign subjects, they were sailing under the protection of the American flag and that they should receive the same protection as American citizens.

F. Allen Orr of this city, attorney for Shields and McKinstry, brought the

Major J. V. L. Rodgers was born at the Rodgers salt works, one mile south of Wellsburg, in Brooke county, W. Va. His father, D. D. Rodgers, died when the subject of this sketch was about three years old, when the family removed to Wellsburg, where he was raised. He was a pupil of the late Joseph R. Naylor, until his twelfth year, when he went to work in a glass works, serving three years as an apprentice as a bottle blower. His nealth falling, he left the glass works and was engaged as a clerk in the store of C. Tarr, jr., who afterwards was the first treasurer of the state of West Virginia, until 1857, when he went to Kansas, then a territory, and engaged was the first treasurer of the state of West Virginia, until 1857, when he went to Kansas, then a territory, and engaged in the lumber business in the then young city of Leavenworth.

The Mormons at Salt Lake, having re-

Rome to the Pall Mall Gazette says that the papal nuncio at Madrid has been instructed to propose the media-tion of the pope in order to bring about a settlement of the troubles in Cuba or to urge upon Spain the acceptance of President Cleveland's reported offer of mediation.

The Giobe, discussing the effect of the election policy of the Spanish gremler. The Mormons at Salt Lake, having rebelled against the government, he west with the army to Utah, from themes to Benicia barracks, Colorado, and returade with a topographical engineer corps, through Arisona. New Mexico, Colorado and Kansass to Leavenworth city, after an absence of thirteen months, where he resumed the business he had formerly been engaged in, remaining there until the war of the rebellion broke out in 1861. He cast his fortunes with the south and served four years in the confederate army. The Globe, discussing the enect of the election policy of the Spanish premier, Senor Canovas del Castillo, says that either Cuba must be allowed to follow the example of the South American republics or the motherland must grant a gene\_us measure of autonomy.

south and served four years in the confederate army.

In 1866 he came to Wheeling and socepted a position with J. H. Smith & Co., as clerk and book-keeper. In 1867 he was employed as book-keeper and cashier with Geo. B. Taylor & Co., which position he was compelled, on account of ill health, to resign, and was afterwards several years connected with the general agency of the Actua Life Insurance Co., under the management of Long & Whipple. He was, while in their employ, elected assistant secretary of the Fesbody Insurance Co., of this city, and a short time afterwards succeeded the late N. C. Arthur as secretary of that company, with which company he remained several years, when he started the General Insurance Azency, of which business he is at present engaged in. LONDON, April 17.—An important arrest was made on Bond street yesarrest was made on Bond street yesterday; William Dunlap, described as a valet, and William Turner, said to be a footman, were taken into custody by the police. They stated that they left the employ of a gentleman in New York recently. In Dunlap's pocket the police found diamonds valued at \$15,000, believed to have been stolen, and a search of the room occupied by the couple revealed them to be in the possession of bracelets, tiarss, rings, scarf pins set with diamonds and emeralds and other jewelry estimated to be worth \$75,000.

as he is at present engaged ness he is at present engaged in.
Major Rodgers was raised an old line
Whig, and after the passage of the Flick
amendment voted for the first time with
the Democratic party, and acted with
them until the Garfield campaign, when
he decided to "hang his gate on the other
post" and came over to the Republican
party. He became a member of the
Lincoln club and served as one of its directors until it closed, and has since
been a worker in the ranks of the party
for the protection of American industries as promulgated by Major McKinagainst the appointment of a Mussul-man as governor of Zeitoun, this being

Richard Robertson was born at Ha-gerstown, Md., in 1845. He came to Wheeling when four years of age, and has lived here since. He received as public school education and afterwards learned the printing trade. At seven-teen years of age he entered the Union army and served to the end of the was. The last winter of the war he spent in Libby prison, and the meagre prison fare, combined with brutal treatment, permanently affected his health and strength.

fare, commined with ortical treatment fare, commined with ortical treatment. At the close of the rebellion he resumed his occupation as a printer, and established the Wheeling Sunday News-Letter in connection with several other printers. He finally became sole owner of the paper, which was published for twelve years and was then sold to the Wheeling News Company.

Following in the foetsteps of his father, he was originally a Democrat, but was always a firm adherent of the principle of protection, and when the principle of protection, and when the Democratic party adopted the "tariff for revenue only" plank in its platform he at once publicly renounced his allegiance to that faith and foined the party whose foundation principle was and is "protection to American labor and American industries."

Mr. Robertson has for the past thirty years been connected with the cause of organized labor in this community and has held many positions of honer and trust. While an active worker in the labor cause, he is also regarded as a man who is conservative enogath to recomine the rights of all concerned in labor controversies, and has a reputation as a peace-maker in this connection.

After joining the Republican party

tion as a peace-maker in this connection.

After joining the Republican party Mr. Robertson at once took an active interest in politics, and six years ago was solicited to make the forforn-hope race against George Hook for the office of county clerk, his affiliation with the labor people being the main incentive to secure his name on the tleket. He accepted, entered the race, and, while defeated, made so successful a canvass that he received the congratulations of the Republicans of all sections of the county. At the close of that canvass he was made chalirman of the city Republican executive committee, which position he now holds.

Alexander Rogers Campbell is his full name. He is also a candidate for the suffrages of his fellow citisens at the approaching Republican primaries. He was born in Burlington, Iowa, in 1M3, but returned to Wheeling with his parents when he was two years of age. He